

**Interim Management Discussion and Analysis
For
BCGold Corp. (“BCGold” or the “Company”)**

Containing information up to and including January 17, 2008.

Note to Reader

Readers of the following management discussion and analysis should refer to the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2007 and the related Annual Management Discussion and Analysis (“Annual MD&A”) dated June 18, 2007. The following discussion (the “Interim MD&A”) is an update to the Company's Annual MD&A.

This interim MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended November 30, 2007 together with the notes thereto. The interim financial statements for the nine months ended November 30, 2007 have been prepared by management in accordance with generally accepted Canadian accounting principles and expressed in Canadian Dollars.

Forward-Looking Information

When used in this document, words like “anticipate”, “believe”, “estimate”, “expect” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are used to describe management's future plans, objectives and goals for the Company and therefore, involve inherent risks and uncertainties. The reader is cautioned that actual results, performance, or achievements may be materially different from those implied or expressed in such statements.

The Company Summary

BCGold was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia on February 10, 2006 as 0748496 B.C. Ltd. On March 1, 2006, the Company changed its name to BCGold Corp.

The Company completed its Qualifying Transaction on September 15, 2006 and is an exploration stage enterprise focusing on the acquisition, exploration and development of gold and other precious and base metal properties. The Company's shares trade under the symbol BCG on the TSX Venture Exchange.

Overall Performance

Highlights of the Company's activities during the nine months ended November 30, 2007:

Financing and Corporate

- In March 2007, the Company completed a private placement of 6,125,844 units at \$0.70 per unit for gross proceeds of \$4,288,090. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole such warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one additional common share at a price of \$1.00 per share for a period of two years after the date of issuance.
- In June 2007, the Company appointed Mr. Guy Le Bel as a director of the Company. Mr. Le Bel is currently Vice President, Business Development of Quadra Mining Ltd. (“Quadra”) and has over 20 years experience in the mining industry, focusing on evaluation, financial analysis and strategic and business planning. Mr. Le Bel received his Bachelor of Applied

Sciences in Mining Engineering from the Laval University in 1980, his Masters from the University of British Columbia in 1983, and his MBA from L'École de Hautes Études Commerciales in 1990. Mr. Le Bel is a licensed member of the Ordre des Ingénieurs du Québec (OIQ).

- In June 2007, the Company awarded 100,000 share purchase options to a director of the Company.
- In August 2007, the Company awarded 812,000 share purchase options to directors, officers, employees and consultants. 450,000 of these options were awarded to directors and officers of the Company.
- The Company extended the expiry date on the share purchase warrants expiring on September 15, 2007 at prices of \$0.50 and \$0.55 to November 17, 2007.

Property Agreements

- On October 15, 2007, the Company paid \$50,000 and issued 200,000 "Units" to a third party as part of its agreement to earn up to a 100% interest in the Carmacks property. Each "Unit" consists of one common share of the Company and one-half of one common share purchase warrant, each whole warrant being exercisable to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.81 expiring October 15, 2008.
- On September 14, 2007, the Company issued 100,000 "Units" to Kaminak as part of its agreement to earn a 60% interest in the Voigtberg property. Each "Unit" consists of one common share of BCGold and one-half of one common share purchase warrant, each whole warrant being exercisable to purchase one common share of BCGold at a price of \$0.58, expiring September 14, 2008.
- In accordance with a letter of intent signed on September 15, 2006 with Stealth Minerals Limited ("Stealth"), in March 2007 the Company selected three of Stealth's Toodoggone properties, namely, Sickie-Sofia, FogMess and Louis for option. The Company can earn a 51% interest in each of the properties by spending \$1 million on each property over a three year period and a 60% interest by spending \$2 million on each property over a four year period. BCGold's interest in any of the three properties can be increased to 75% by producing a bankable feasibility study. A NI 43-101 Technical Report was completed on the Sickie-Sofia copper-gold porphyry prospect and is available on SEDAR.com. The Company also purchased 1,750,000 shares of Stealth at \$0.20 per share for a total of \$350,000. The Company also issued to Stealth 450,000 units consisting of 450,000 BCGold Corp common shares and 225,000 warrants. Each two warrants entitle Stealth to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.75 per share expiring April 2, 2008.

Exploration

- *Voigtberg Au-Cu-Mo Porphyry Property, Northwestern BC*

In August, the Company completed its second exploration campaign in as many years on the Voigtberg property, situated in the Galore Creek Camp in north-western British Columbia. The Company has an option to earn up to a 70% interest in the property from joint venture partner Kaminak Gold Corp. This past summer the Company completed a \$488,000 exploration program at Voigtberg that included a 412 line kilometre airborne geophysical survey, an infill soil geochemical survey and a 4 hole, 587 metre diamond drill program.

One hole targeted the western strike extension of the Gold Zone to follow up last year's results from drill hole VGT06-05, which returned a near-surface intercept of 51.15 metres

grading 1.03 g/t Au. Another hole targeted the northern limits of the Gold Zone soil geochemical anomaly. The Gold Zone is believed to represent a gold-rich halo located on the periphery of a porphyry copper-molybdenum system. Two drill holes targeted the untested North Zone, a coincidental copper-molybdenum soil geochemical and induced polarization chargeability anomaly. The Voigtberg exploration program was supervised by Equity Engineering Ltd. and drill core was submitted to EcoTech laboratories in British Columbia for assay on August 24th. All assay results have recently been received and are currently being reviewed by the Company.

- *Toodoggone Region, Northwestern BC*

The Company completed a \$1.185 million geophysics and diamond drilling exploration program on the Sickie-Sofia property in the Toodoggone district this past summer. A total of 1,514 metres in 5 holes were drilled to test the core and fringe areas of a 5.5 square kilometre Induced Polarization (I.P.) geophysical anomaly and peripheral copper-gold-molybdenum soil anomalies.

A significant porphyry copper-gold discovery was made at the Sofia Zone, with drill hole BCG07-01 intersecting 47.0 metres that averaged 0.13% copper and 0.08 g/t gold. Drill hole BCG07-03 was drilled 2.6 kilometres to the south along the same I.P. anomaly and intersected significant low-grade, high-sulphidation gold mineralization at the Alexandra Zone. Assay results for the two remaining holes are still outstanding. Drill core was submitted to a laboratory in British Columbia for assay on October 12th.

- *Engineer Mine, Atlin, BC*

In July 2007, Golder Associates Ltd. was commissioned to conduct an environmental scoping study at Engineer Mine. The cost of this baseline review was \$27,000.

In August 2007 BCGold Corp. completed the field component of a \$225,000 exploration program on its Engineer Mine Property near Atlin, British Columbia. The work program encompassed a comprehensive geological overview, rock sampling, re-logging of select drill core, limited dewatering and underground rehabilitation and underground mapping and sampling of the 5 Level workings. The exploration program was conducted to obtain the required information to develop a geological and alteration model to be used for resource estimation purposes as well as the identification of additional high-grade and bulk-tonnage gold exploration drill targets. A geological report describing this work, along with recommendations for a significant 2008 diamond drill program, has been received from the Company's geological consultant and is being reviewed.

- *Carmacks Cu-Au Project, Central Yukon*

In June 2007 BCGold commenced a two phase \$1.3 million exploration program on its Carmacks Copper-Gold Properties in Yukon. Phase I included prospecting, geological mapping, trenching, sampling, and grid installation. Earlier prospecting by BCGold confirmed significant "Carmacks-style" copper oxide and gold mineralization (the ICE Zone) on the Company's ICE claims, situated seven kilometres southward of Western Copper Corporation's Carmacks (Williams Creek) deposits and property. Six rock samples with grades up to 1.83% Cu, 0.25 g/t Au and 1.28% Cu, 0.41 g/t Au were collected from a series of granitic outcrops over a partially exposed strike length of 80 metres.

In July 2007, Aeroquest Ltd. completed a 3,295 line kilometre combined airborne magnetometer and radiometric survey over the Carmacks Copper-Gold Belt properties. Also in July 2007, 4,040 MMI samples were collected every 50 metres along 100 metre spaced lines on 7 properties. BCGold's MMI survey immediately south of Western Copper's Carmacks property has defined a 7 km-long "corridor" consisting of a number of large copper

anomalies that appear to be the surface expression and southern extension of the Carmacks copper-gold trend. Approximately \$85,000 of the soil sampling budget was funded through grants from the Yukon Energy, Mines and Resources' Yukon Mining Incentives Program (YMIP).

In late August, 2007 the Company completed a 7 hole, 1,360 m diamond drill program targeting the ICE Zone copper-oxide discovery and the WS Central Area MMI copper anomaly. Two near-surface copper-oxide horizons were intersected at ICE Zone, assaying up to 0.46% copper over 4.69 m. Line-cutting and a 20 line-km I.P. survey is currently underway to further define copper MMI targets for diamond drill testing in early 2008.

In early November the Company staked an additional 44 claims north of the Minto Mine consolidating claim coverage over recently defined copper MMI soil anomalies on the Pepper, Toe and Spear claims.

Subsequent to the quarter ended November 30, 2007:

The Company is currently cutting lines and conducting a 20 line-kilometre Induced Polarization (I.P.) test survey on the Carmacks Copper-Gold Properties over the ICE Zone, and North, Central and South Area WS Copper MMI anomalies. This work will further define copper-oxide exploration targets for diamond drill testing in early 2008. The budget for this additional surveying is approximately \$100,000, including helicopter support.

- The Company is currently digitizing historic Engineer mine plans and sections and developing a digital database of historic diamond drillhole, sampling and geological information for modeling, exploration planning and resource estimation purposes.
- BCGold continues to compile geophysical and diamond drillhole results from the Sickle-Sofia Property. Drillhole assays are still outstanding for 2 holes drilled in 2007.
- The Company only recently received preliminary drillhole assays from the 2007 diamond drill program on the Voigtberg Property. Results are being reviewed and will be reported upon receipt of final assays from ALS Chemex.
- On December 28, 2007, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 2,555,000 flow-through units at a price of \$0.50 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,277,500. Each "Unit" consists of one flow-through common share of BCGold and one-half of one non-flow-through common share purchase warrant, each whole warrant being exercisable to purchase one common share of BCGold at a price of \$0.75 to December 28, 2008 and \$1.00 thereafter, expiring December 28, 2009.

The Company is an exploration stage company engaged primarily in the acquisition, exploration and development of resource properties. The Company capitalizes all acquisition and exploration costs until the property to which those costs are related is placed into production, sold, or abandoned. The decision to abandon a property is largely determined from exploration results and the amount and timing of the Company's write-offs of capitalized resource property costs will vary in a fiscal period from one year to the next and typically cannot be predicted in advance. During the nine month period ended November 30, 2007, a total of \$4,150,734 of resource property costs were capitalized and \$10,195 of resource property costs were written-off.

Results of Operations

As BCGold is in the exploration phase and its current properties are in the early stages of exploration, none of the Company's current properties are in production. Therefore, mineral exploration expenditures are capitalized and losses are incurred as a result of administrative

expenses relating to the operation of the Company's business. Consequently, the Company's net income is not a meaningful indicator of its performance or potential.

The key performance driver for the Company is the acquisition and development of prospective mineral properties. By acquiring and exploring projects of superior technical merit, the Company increases its chances of finding and developing an economic deposit.

At this time, the Company is not anticipating profit from operations. Until such time as the Company is able to realize profits from the production and marketing of commodities from its mineral interest, the Company will report an annual deficit and will rely on its ability to obtain equity/or debt financing to fund on-going operations.

Additional financing is required for new exploration and promotional initiatives. Due to the inherent nature of the junior mineral exploration industry, the Company will have a continuous need to secure additional funds through the issuance of equity or debt in order to support its corporate and exploration activities, as well as its share of obligations relating to mineral properties.

Nine months ended November 30, 2007

Net loss for the nine months ended November 30, 2007 was \$630,174 or \$0.04 per share, after provision for future tax recovery of \$265,608 against loss from operations of \$959,001; before interest income of \$34,283, gain on foreign exchange of \$28,131, consulting fees revenue of \$11,000 and write-off of resource property costs of \$10,195 (November 30, 2006, Net Loss - \$445,399 or \$0.08 per share).

Operating expenses for the nine months ended November 30, 2007 totalled \$959,001 (2006 - \$374,576) including stock based compensation expenses of \$149,374 (2006 - \$142,529). The increase in operating expenses was a result of the company's operations now reflecting the impact of an operating public company with its infrastructure in place.

Significant operating expenditures are as follows:

- Wages and consulting fees of \$424,262 (2006 - \$54,720) resulting from the payments to the Corporate Communication staff, Corporate Secretary, Secretarial staff, and senior management for time spent on the Company's operating activities, and other non-property related consulting services.
- Conference and meeting expenses of \$88,304 (2006 - \$10,931). During the period the company had its senior geological and investment relations personnel attend several technical and investor's conferences.
- Office and administration of \$79,324 (2006 - \$6,239). Office and administration has increased as the company has established its operations and is now incurring ongoing expenses for telephone, office supplies and computer repairs, and has purchased a liability insurance policy which covers the officers and directors.
- Investor relations expenses of \$76,994 (2006 - \$9,414). During the current period the company developed a new website, and corporate identity in addition to its dissemination of information to its investors.
- Professional fees of \$67,732 (2006 - \$106,737) resulting from the fees incurred during the audit of the February 28, 2007 year end and the ongoing legal and accounting fees incurred in the day to day operations of the Company. To November 30, 2007 legal fees amounted to \$17,374 and accounting and audit fees totalled \$37,146.

Other operating costs, excluding stock-based compensation and amortization during the period ended November 30, 2007 totalled \$56,014 (2006 - \$42,711) representing just 6% (2006 – %11) of total operating expenses including corporate listing and filing fees (\$10,410), rent (\$35,373) and transfer agent fees (\$10,854).

Three Months Ended November 30, 2007

Net loss for the three months ended November 30, 2007 was \$295,482 or \$0.02 per share; after interest income of \$11,522, and consulting fees revenue of \$6,000 (November 30, 2006, Net Loss - \$323,003 or \$0.04 per share).

Operating expenses for the three months ended November 30, 2007 totalled \$313,004 (2006 - \$255,410) including stock based compensation expenses of \$71,044 (2006 - \$102,854). The increase in operating expenses was a result of the company's operations now reflecting the impact of an operating public company with its infrastructure in place.

Significant operating expenditures are as follows:

- Wages and consulting fees of \$126,232 (2006 - \$54,220) resulting from the payments to the Corporate Communication staff, Corporate Secretary, Secretarial staff, and senior officers for time spent on the Company's operating activities, and other non-property related consulting services.
- Conference and meeting expenses of \$35,510 (2006 - \$10,481). During the period the company had its senior geological and investment relations personnel attend several technical and investor's conferences.
- Office and administration of \$16,080 (2006 - \$5,111). Office and administration has increased as the company has established its operations and is now incurring ongoing expenses for telephone, office supplies and has purchased a liability insurance policy which cover the officers and directors.
- Professional fees of \$13,212 (2006 - \$59,935) resulting from the fees incurred for the ongoing legal and accounting fees incurred in the day to day operations of the Company.
- Investor relations expenses of \$33,208 (2006 - \$9,414). During the current period the company incurred costs related to advertising to increase the Company's profile and the ongoing dissemination of information to investors.
- All other operating costs, excluding stock-based compensation and amortization during the period ended November 30, 2007 totalled \$6,631 (2006 - \$13,395) representing just 2% (2006 – 5%) of total operating expenses including corporate listing and filing fees (\$2,201), rent (\$2,000) and transfer agent fees (\$2,430).

Selected Annual Financial Information

Selected audited financial data for annual operations of BCGold Corp. during the periods ended February 28, 2007 and 2006:

Year ended	February 28, 2007	February 28, 2006
Current assets and GIC	\$ 2,313,903	\$ 135,840
Resource properties and deposit	\$ 795,393	Nil
Property and equipment	\$ 15,781	Nil

BCGOLD CORP.
INTERIM MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS
NOVEMBER 30, 2007

Total Assets	\$ 3,125,077	\$ 135,840
Current liabilities	\$ 1,065,664	Nil
Total revenue	Nil	Nil
Net loss	\$ (494,021)	\$ (14,160)
Basic loss per share	\$ (0.07)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted Avg. shares	6,687,374	1,285,715

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table summarizes selected financial data reported by the Company for the quarter ended November 30, 2007 and the previous seven quarters.

	Nov.30/07	Aug.31/07	May 31/07	Feb.28/07	Nov.30/06	Aug.31/06	May 31/06	Feb.28/06
Current assets	1,301,536	3,482,991	4,781,386	2,313,903	705,787	677,096	124,685	135,840
Resource properties and permits and bond	4,949,127	2,853,484	1,527,343	795,393	437,193	10,455	Nil	Nil
Current liabilities	275,731	534,695	193,503	1,065,664	31,462	Nil	30,906	Nil
Loss from operations	(313,004)	(356,144)	(289,853)	(211,144)	(255,410)	(76,662)	(42,504)	(14,160)
Write-off of mineral interest	Nil	(5,695)	(4,500)	Nil	(991)	(6,964)	Nil	Nil
Net income (loss)	(295,482)	(345,049)	10,357	(48,622)	(323,003)	(80,335)	(42,061)	(14,160)
Basic income (loss) per share	(0.02)	(0.02)	0.00	(0.00)	(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)
Weighted Avg. Shares	17,667,727	17,268,720	16,218,987	9,780,280	8,253,283	5,738,043	1,770,455	1,285,715

Note:

*Items for quarter February 28, 2006 are for the 18 day period from incorporation February 10, 2006 to February 28, 2007.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company is in the exploration stage and therefore has no regular cash inflows. At November 30, 2007, the Company had working capital of \$1,025,805 (February 28, 2007- \$1,248,239).

Cash and cash equivalents totalled \$763,296 as at November 30, 2007 (February 28, 2007 – \$2,174,759)

Nine Months Ended November 30, 2007

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$1,411,463 during the nine months ended November 30, 2007 from \$2,174,759 to \$763,296.

Cash utilized in operating activities during the nine months ended November 30, 2007 was \$719,839 (2006 – \$226,120) before any changes in non-cash working capital. After adjusting for cash flows applied to non-cash working capital, cash used in operating activities was \$1,113,715 (2006 - \$260,390).

Cash used for investing activities during the nine months ended November 30, 2007 was \$3,545,750 (2006 - \$541,859). The investing activities were as follows: acquisition of marketable

securities \$192,500 (2006 – \$150,000), acquisition and exploration of resource properties of \$3,303,756 (2006 – \$380,219), \$49,494 for the purchase of equipment (2006 – \$11,640).

During the nine months ended November 30, 2007, the Company's cash flows from financing activities, being proceeds from share and warrant issuances, and funds owing to/from related parties totalled \$3,248,002 (2006 – \$1,243,893).

Three Months Ended November 30, 2007

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$1,817,179 during the three months ended November 30, 2007 from \$2,580,475 to \$763,296.

Cash utilized in operating activities during the three months ended November 30, 2007 was \$213,351 (2006 – \$150,407) before any changes in non-cash working capital. After adjusting for cash flows applied to non-cash working capital, cash from operating activities was \$30,897 for 2007 (2006 – use of \$175,738).

Cash used for investing activities during the three months ended November 30, 2007 was \$1,727,832 (2006 - \$225,376). The investing activities were as follows: acquisition and exploration of resource properties of \$1,698,335 (2006 – \$362,800) and \$29,497 for the purchase of equipment (2006 – \$10,931).

During the three months ended November 30, 2007, the Company's cash flows used for financing activities, being share issuance costs and repayment of related party funds totalled \$120,244 (2006 – funds from financing \$608,796).

At November 30, 2007, the Company's investment in resource properties aggregated \$4,833,364 (February 28, 2007 - \$795,393) and equipment, net of amortization, was \$48,901 (February 28, 2007 - \$15,781).

At November 30, 2007, share capital of \$6,021,958 comprised of 18,021,590 issued and outstanding common shares (February 28, 2007 - \$2,150,480, comprising of 10,650,246 outstanding common shares). Contributed Surplus which arises from the recognition of the estimated fair value of stock options was \$440,167 (February 28, 2007 – \$142,529) and share purchase warrants totalled \$800,813 (February 28, 2007 - \$274,585).

As a result of the net loss for the nine month period of \$630,174, and the transitional adjustment to the opening balance on the adoption of the new accounting policy covering Financial Instruments totalling \$3,750, the deficit at November 30, 2007 increased to \$1,134,605 from \$508,181 at February 28, 2007. Accordingly, shareholders equity was \$6,020,833 as compared to \$2,059,413 at February 28, 2007.

At present, the Company's operations do not generate cash inflows and its financial success is dependant on management's ability to discover economically viable mineral deposits. The mineral exploration process can take many years and is subject to factors that are beyond the Company's control. See "Risks and Uncertainties".

The Company currently has sufficient financial resources to meet its administrative overhead expenses and exploration expenditures for at least the next twelve months and is confident that it can raise additional funds to undertake its planned exploration activities.

In order to finance the Company's future exploration programs and to cover administrative and overhead expenses, the Company raises money through equity sales, from the exercise of convertible securities and from optioning its resource properties. Many factors influence the Company's ability to raise funds, including the health of the resource market, the climate for mineral exploration investment, the Company's track record, and the experience and calibre of its

management. Actual funding requirements may vary from those planned due to a number of factors, including the progress of exploration activities. Management believes it will be able to raise equity capital as required in the long term, but recognizes there will be risks involved that may be beyond their control.

Exploration Update

Capitalized spending on the Company's mineral properties to November 30, 2007 is as follows:

	Acquisition Costs	Exploration Costs	Balance as at November 30, 2007
Carmacks, Copper Gold Project, Yukon	\$ 527,562	\$ 1,290,971	\$ 1,818,533
Engineer, British Columbia	147,510	256,874	404,384
Toodoggone, British Columbia	486,260	1,113,496	1,712,519
Voigtberg, British Columbia	105,337	882,534	987,871
Other Properties, British Columbia	22,820	-	22,820
	\$ 1,289,489	\$ 3,656,638	\$ 4,946,127

Toodoggone, Northwestern British Columbia

On September 15, 2006 the Company signed a letter of intent with Stealth Minerals Limited ("Stealth") to earn up to a 75% interest in 3 properties from Stealth's Toodoggone property portfolio in north-central British Columbia. Under the terms of the Agreement, Stealth divided its 62,845 hectare Toodoggone land position into eleven properties. The Agreement enabled the Company to review all exploration data for the eleven properties and select any three properties by March 31, 2007, in exchange for the company subscribed for an aggregate of 2,500,000 common shares of Stealth at a price of \$0.20 per share on before March 31, 2007 (Purchased). In March 2007 the Company selected the Sickle-Sofia, FogMess and Louis properties for option and issued all the shares and warrants mentioned below.

The Company can then earn a 51% interest in each of the three selected properties by: (1) issuing 150,000 common shares and 75,000 common share purchase warrants (each exercisable for a one year period at a price equal to 125% of the 20 day average closing price of the common shares of the Company ending on the trading day prior to the date of issuance) to Stealth for each of the three properties (issued); and, (2) spending \$1 million on each property over a three year period. As a result of exploration expenditures in 2007, the Company has fulfilled these obligations and now has a 51% interest in the Sickle-Sofia property. The Company can increase its interest on any one property to 60% by spending an additional \$1 million (\$2 million total) on each property over a four year period and can further increase its interest to 75% on any one property by producing a bankable feasibility study on that property. The Company will be the operator of the selected properties. A portion (13,967 hectares or 22.2%) of the eleven properties are subject to an underlying 3% net smelter royalty held by a third party. The Company can reduce the NSR through cash payments.

The 2007 exploration of the Toodoggone properties (Sickle-Sofia, Louis and Fog Mess) focused primarily on the Sickle-Sofia property with total expenditures of approximately \$1.185 million.

Peter Walcott and Assoc completed 36 line-kilometres of induced polarization (IP) geophysical survey to close off a 2.5 kilometre long chargeability high delineated by a previous survey. This chargeability high, referred to as the Sofia target is flanked by peripheral copper and gold soil geochemical anomalies. The associated line-cutting, IP survey pad building and subsequent geophysical report cost \$145,475.

The Company drilled a total of 1,514 metres in 5 holes to test the core and fringe areas of a 5.5 square kilometre Induced Polarization (I.P.) geophysical anomaly and peripheral copper-gold-

molybdenum soil anomalies. A significant porphyry copper-gold discovery was made at the Sofia Zone, with drill hole BCG07-01 intersecting 47.0 metres that averaged 0.13% copper and 0.08 g/t gold. Drill hole BCG07-03 was drilled 2.6 kilometres to the south along the same I.P. anomaly and intersected significant low-grade, high-sulphidation gold mineralization at the Alexandra Zone. Assay results for the three remaining holes are still outstanding. Drill core was submitted to a laboratory in British Columbia for assay on October 12th. The cost of the diamond drilling was \$718,175 including helicopter support. Additional 2007 expenditures went towards assays, logistics, wages and additional helicopter time.

The Company is still awaiting assays from 2 complete drillholes. Compilation work has been ongoing and once all results have been received the Company will focus on planning a follow-up exploration program in the summer of 2008.

Engineer, British Columbia

The Company has entered into a letter agreement with Engineer Mining Corp. ("EMC") to acquire up to a 100% interest in the Engineer Mine located west of Atlin, BC. Under the terms of the option, BCGold will acquire a 51% interest by paying an aggregate of \$250,000 and issuing an aggregate of 375,000 common shares and 325,000 share purchase warrants to EMC in the first two years (250,000 common shares and 250,000 share purchase warrants issued). BCGold will then acquire:

- an additional 9% interest by issuing \$150,000 in common shares of BCGold and 75,000 share purchase warrants to EMC in the third year;

- an additional 15% interest by paying \$200,000 (or issuing \$200,000 in common shares of BCGold, at BCGold's option) and 100,000 share purchase warrants to EMC in the fourth year; and

- an additional 25% interest by paying \$400,000 (or issuing \$400,000 in common shares of BCGold, at BCGold's option) and 100,000 share purchase warrants to EMC in the fifth year.

All payments and issuances may be accelerated at BCGold's option. The issue price per common share in the third through fifth years will be determined by taking the weighted average closing price of the common shares of BCGold for the twenty consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date of issuance.

Each share purchase warrant will be exercisable to purchase one common share of BCGold for two years following the date of issuance at a price per common share to be determined by taking the weighted average closing price of the common shares of BCGold for the twenty consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date of issuance plus 25%.

In July 2007, Golder Associates Ltd. was commissioned to conduct an environmental scoping study at Engineer Mine. The cost of this baseline review was \$27,000. No "show stopper" indicators were found by the study.

In August 2007, BCGold Corp. completed the field component of a \$224,500 exploration program on its Engineer Mine Property near Atlin, British Columbia. The work program encompassed a comprehensive geological overview, rock sampling, re-logging of select drill core, limited dewatering and underground rehabilitation and underground mapping and sampling of the 5 Level workings. The exploration program was conducted to confirm historic sampling grades and geological interpretations at Engineer Mine. This is to provide the basis for development of geological and alteration models to be used for exploration targeting and resource estimation purposes.

The Company is currently digitizing historic Engineer mine plans and sections and developing a digital database of historic diamond drill hole, sampling and geological information for modeling,

exploration planning and resource estimation purposes. All assay results have been received and a NI 43-101 compliant report, along with recommendations for a significant 2008 diamond drill program has been received from the Company's geological consultant. This report is currently being reviewed and a news release will be issued in the very near future.

Carmacks, Yukon

On November 1, 2006 the Company entered into an agreement with a third party to acquire up to a 100% interest in 15 mineral properties in the vicinity of the Minto and Carmacks (Williams Creek) copper gold deposits, by making the following payments, expenditures and share issuance:

Payments:

i)	\$ 100,000	On or before April 15, 2007; (Paid)
ii)	\$ 50,000	on or before October 15, 2007 (Paid)
iii)	\$ 50,000	on or before October 15, 2008
iv)	\$ 50,000	on or before October 15, 2009
v)	\$ 50,000	on or before October 15, 2010
	<u>\$ 300,000</u>	

Minimum Expenditures:

i)	\$ 150,000	on or before October 15, 2007 (incurred)
ii)	\$ 250,000	on or before October 15, 2008 (incurred)
iii)	\$ 250,000	on or before October 15, 2009 (incurred)
iv)	\$ 250,000	on or before October 15, 2010 (incurred)
	<u>\$ 900,000</u>	

Unit issuances:

i)	300,000	upon the acceptance by the TSX Venture Exchange (Issued)
ii)	200,000	on or before October 15, 2007 (Issued)
iii)	200,000	on or before October 15, 2008
iv)	200,000	on or before October 15, 2009
v)	100,000	on or before October 15, 2010
	<u>1,000,000</u>	

An NSR of 1.75% applies to the holdings of which 1.25% can be purchased for \$1,500,000.

Each "Unit" will consist of one common share of BCGold and one-half of one common share purchase warrant, each whole warrant being exercisable to purchase one common share of BCGold for two years following the date of issuance at a price per common share to be determined by taking the weighted average closing price of the common shares of BCGold on the TSX Venture Exchange (or such other stock exchange or quotation system as BCGold's shares may be traded or quoted on) for the twenty consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date of issuance plus 25%. All of the payment, expenditure and Unit obligations may be accelerated at BCGold's option. The agreement was accepted by the TSX Venture exchange in February 2007.

In June 2007 BCGold commenced a two phase \$1.3 million exploration program on its Carmacks Copper-Gold Properties in Yukon. (BCGold has surpassed the minimum work required to earn-in 100%.) Phase I, included prospecting; geological mapping & sampling; grid installation; soil

geochemical & Mobile Metal Ion (MMI) sampling; trenching and a combined airborne magnetic & radiometric survey over BCGold's claim holdings. Early prospecting confirmed significant "Carmacks-style" copper oxide and gold mineralization (the ICE Zone) on the Company's ICE claims, situated seven kilometres southward of Western Copper Corporation's Carmacks (Williams Creek) deposits and property. Six rock samples with grades up to 1.83% Cu, 0.25 g/t Au and 1.28% Cu, 0.41 g/t Au were collected from a series of granitic outcrops over a partially exposed strike length of 80 metres.

In July 2007, Aeroquest Ltd. completed a 3,295 line kilometre combined airborne magnetometer and radiometric survey over the Carmacks Copper-Gold Belt properties. This high-resolution survey was flown at a 200-metre line spacing (less than half of the spacing of the existing government geophysical data) which greatly improved BCGold's ability to model and target additional "Minto-style and Carmacks-style" Cu-Au mineralization in the Belt. The airborne survey cost \$300,000. Following completion of the airborne survey SRK Consulting was contracted to review the data and complete a structural targeting study (\$9,500).

Also in July 2007, 4,040 MMI samples were collected every 50 metres along 100 metre spaced lines. The survey was conducted immediately south of Western Copper Corporation's Carmacks property and defines a copper-in-soil anomaly that is about 1 kilometre wide and can be traced south-eastward for about 4 kilometres. The southern terminus of the most northern anomaly appears to be a narrow, north-trending magnetic low, possibly representing a fault structure that appears to juxtapose the corridor northward for approximately 1.5 kilometres. East of this north-trending linear break the anomalous WS copper anomaly trend can be traced for another 3 kilometres to the end of BCGold's survey coverage area and remains open. The geochemical surveys cost \$107,000. Approximately \$85,000 of the soil sampling budget will be funded through grants from the Yukon Energy, Mines and Resources' Yukon Mining Incentives Program (YMIP)

In late August 2007, the Company completed a 7 hole, 1,360 metre diamond drill program targeting the ICE Zone and the WS Central Area MMI copper anomaly. Drill core was submitted to a laboratory in British Columbia for assay on September 24th. All assay results have been received. The cost of the drilling program was \$636,322, including helicopter support.

Significant results are tabulated below:

BCGold Corp. – 2007 ICE Zone Diamond Drill Hole Results

Hole	From (m)	To (m)	Length (m)	Copper (%)	Orientation (dip/Az.)
ICE 07-02	3.25	7.94	4.69	0.46	-65°/210°
	109.83	111.48	1.65	0.21	
ICE 07-04	2.78	8.25	5.47	0.39	-75°/240°
	103.82	104.47	0.65	0.26	

The Company is currently (January 2008) cutting lines and conducting a 20 line-kilometre Induced Polarization (I.P.) test survey over the North, Central and South Area WS Copper MMI anomalies, where it is expected that the I.P. survey will define a number of high-quality exploration targets for diamond drill testing in early 2008. The budget for this additional surveying is approximately \$100,000, including helicopter support.

Voigtberg, British Columbia

On July 10, 2006 the Company entered into a letter of agreement with Kaminak Gold Corporation ("Kaminak") pursuant to which BCGold was granted an option to acquire up to a 70% interest in the Voigtberg Property located in the Galore Creek Area, Liard Mining Division, British Columbia. This acquisition constituted the Company's Qualifying Transaction under Exchange policy.

BCGold may exercise its right to earn up to a 60% interest in the Voigtberg Property by making the following payments, unit issuances and incurring the minimum exploration expenditures as follows:

Minimum Expenditures:

i)	\$	350,000	on or before September 15, 2007 (completed)
ii)	\$	350,000	on or before September 15, 2008 (completed)
iii)	\$	650,000	on or before September 15, 2009
iv)	\$	650,000	on or before September 15, 2010
	\$	<u>2,000,000</u>	

Unit issuances:

i)	100,000	issued on September 15, 2006 (issued)
ii)	100,000	on or before September 15, 2007 (issued)
iii)	100,000	on or before September 15, 2008
iv)	100,000	on or before September 15, 2009
	<u>400,000</u>	

A 2% NSR in favour of Hunter Exploration Group exists on the property.

Each "Unit" will consist of one common share of BCGold and one-half of one common share purchase warrant, each whole warrant being exercisable to purchase one common share of BCGold for one year following the date of issuance at a price per common share to be determined by taking the weighted average closing price of the common shares of BCGold on the TSX Venture Exchange (or such other stock exchange or quotation system as BCGold's shares may be traded or quoted on) for the twenty consecutive trading days immediately prior to the date of issuance plus 25%. All of the payment, expenditure and Unit obligations may be accelerated at BCGold's option. The Company will be the operator of the exploration program during the second to fourth years.

Upon incurring \$1,000,000 in exploration expenditures, BCGold will have earned a 50% interest in the Voigtberg Property and, upon the issuance of all of the Initial and Additional Units, incurring all of the expenditures and operating the exploration program as set out above, BCGold will have earned a 60% interest in the Voigtberg Property. BCGold may earn an additional 10% interest in the Property by completing a bankable feasibility study, for an aggregate 70% interest in the Property.

A detailed geological compilation of the Voigtberg area was initiated after an encouraging diamond drill program was completed in the fall of 2006 resulting in new discoveries of gold and zinc on the Voigtberg Property. The geological target at Voigtberg is a bulk tonnage "porphyry system" that can host gold, copper and other base metals. In January of 2007, BCGold staked an additional 850 hectares of mineral claims adjoining the Voigtberg Property in northern British Columbia. These additional claims increased the land holdings at Voigtberg to a total of 2,900 hectares.

Exploration expenditures of approximately \$488,000 were incurred on the Voigtberg project in 2007.

Phase I commenced in July 2007 with the commissioning of Fugro Airborne Surveys Corp. to conduct an airborne geophysical survey of approximately 412 line kilometres using proprietary frequency domain electromagnetic "DIGHEM" and standard magnetometer systems at a cost of \$137,500. The survey results assisted in targeting for the 2007 diamond drilling program.

Phase II consisted of 587 metres of diamond drilling in 4 holes conducted in August 2007 at a cost of approximately \$133,000 to further define the Gold Zone and step out from drill hole VG06-05, which returned a near-surface intercept of 51.15 metres grading 1.03 g/t Au. The Gold Zone is believed to represent a gold-rich halo located on the periphery of a "porphyry copper-molybdenum system". An additional two drill holes will target the un-tested North Zone coincidental copper-molybdenum soil geochemical and induced polarization chargeability anomaly. The North Zone is believed to represent the copper-molybdenum porphyry intrusive "core" of the Voigtberg mineralizing system. The remainder of the \$488,000 was allocated towards helicopter support, assay costs and project management fees paid to Equity Engineering Ltd.

The Company only recently received preliminary drill hole assays from the 2007 diamond drill program on the Voigtberg Property. Results are being reviewed and will be reported upon receipt of final assays from ALS Chemex.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is in the business of acquiring, exploring and developing mineral properties, and is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are common to other mineral exploration companies in the same business. The industry is capital intensive at all stages and is subject to variations in commodity prices, market sentiment, exchange rates for currency, inflation and other risks. The Company currently has no other source of revenue other than interest on cash balances. The Company will rely mainly on equity financing to fund exploration activities on its resource properties.

The risks and uncertainties affecting the Company remain unchanged from those disclosed in its 2007 Annual MD&A.

Proposed Transactions

At the present time, there are no proposed transactions that are required to be disclosed.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers Without Significant Revenue

Additional disclosure concerning BCGold's general and administrative expenses and resource property costs is provided in the Company's Statement of Loss and Deficit and Schedule of Resource Property Costs contained in its audited Financial Statements for February 28, 2007 that is available on BCGold's website at www.bcgoldcorp.com or on its SEDAR Page Site accessed through www.sedar.com.

Outstanding Share Data

BCGold's authorized capital is unlimited common shares without par value. As at January 17, 2008, the following common shares, options and share purchase warrants were outstanding:

	# of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Issued and Outstanding Common Shares at January 17, 2008	20,576,590		
Warrants			
Share purchase warrants	225,000	\$0.75	April 2, 2008
	50,000	\$0.58	September 15, 2008
	150,000	\$0.75	February 23, 2009
	3,062,922	\$1.00	March 13, 2009
	100,000	\$0.81	October 15, 2009
	250,000	\$0.76	November 1, 2009
	1,277,500	\$0.75/1.00*	December 28, 2009
Employee Stock Options	520,000	\$0.10	June 5, 2011
	300,000	\$0.45	September 15, 2011
	100,000	\$0.70	June 19, 2012
	812,000	\$0.70	August 22, 2012
Fully Diluted at January 17, 2008	27,424,012		

* \$0.75 to December 28, 2008 and \$1.00 from December 29, 2008-December 28, 2009

Transactions with Related Parties

All of the options granted in June 2006 and September 2006, and 550,000 of the options granted in June 2007 and August 2007, were to directors and officers of the Company.

During the period, the Company incurred rent expenditures of \$35,373 to another public Company with a director in common. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Accounting Policies and Changes to Prior Year:

During the period ended November 30, 2007, the Company adopted the new accounting recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of financial instruments, hedges and comprehensive income effective for the current fiscal year. This requires that all non-derivative financial assets be measured at fair value with changes in fair value of available-for-sale marketable securities disclosed in other comprehensive income. Since this is the first year in which this policy has been applied, the opening balance of accumulated other comprehensive income includes the difference between cost and fair value for marketable securities at the end of the previous fiscal year. The current quarter's gains or losses in value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When securities are sold and gains or losses are realized, these gains or losses will be removed from other comprehensive income and reported in the Statement of Loss and Deficit. The transition provisions do not require restatement of previous financial statements. The fair values of securities which are traded on a recognized exchange are reported at the closing price on the balance sheet date or the last date on which the shares traded. When the Company's holdings exceed 20 days of average trading volume, appropriate discounts from closing price will be applied to reflect the net realizable market value.

Recent Developments and Outlook

The Company expects to obtain financing in the future primarily through further equity financing, as well as through joint venturing and/or optioning out the Company's properties to qualified mineral exploration companies. There can be no assurance that the Company will succeed in obtaining additional financing, now or in the future. Failure to raise additional financing on a timely basis could cause the Company to suspend its operation and eventually to forfeit or sell its interest in its resource properties.

Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, marketable securities, GST receivable and payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to related parties. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that BCGold is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value due to their short-term maturity or capacity for prompt liquidation.

Foreign exchange risk is the risk arising from changes in foreign currency fluctuations. The Company does not use any derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency rates. It is the opinion of management, however, that the foreign exchange risk to which the Company is exposed is minimal.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The Company's accounting policies are presented in note 3 of the February 28, 2007 audited financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to select accounting policies and make estimates. Such estimates may have a significant impact on the financial statements. Actual amounts could differ materially from the estimates used and, accordingly, affect the results of the operations. These include:

- the carrying values of mineral properties; and
- the valuation of stock-based compensation expense.

Mineral properties and deferred exploration costs

The Company records its interest in mineral properties at cost. Resource exploration and development costs are capitalized on an individual area of interest basis until such time as an economic resource body is defined or the prospect is abandoned. Costs for a producing prospect are amortized on a unit-of-production method based on the estimated life of the reserves, while costs for the prospects abandoned are written off.

Management of the Company reviews and evaluates the carrying value of each mineral property for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the related asset may not be recoverable. When it is determined that a mineral property is impaired, it is written down to its estimated fair value.

Management's estimates of mineral prices, mineral resources, and operating, capital and reclamation costs are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that may affect the recoverability of deferred mineral property costs. Although management has made its best estimate of these factors, it is possible that material changes could occur which may adversely affect management's estimate of the net cash flows expected to be generated from its properties.

The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral properties and related deferred costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, securing and maintaining title and beneficial interest in the properties, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to continue operations and to complete the development and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof. The discovery or establishment of adequate reserves is dependent on successful exploration. Competition for exploration resources at all levels is currently very intense, particularly affecting availability of manpower, drill rigs and helicopters. As a result of this, and other factors inherent in exploration, the Company has uncertainty that it will be able to carry out its planned exploration programs.

Stock-based compensation expense

From time to time, the Company may grant share purchase options to directors, employees, and service providers. The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate a value for these options. This model, and other models which are used to value options, require inputs such as expected volatility, expected life to exercise, and interest rates. Changes in any of these inputs could cause a significant change in the stock-based compensation recorded in a period.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Management has designed disclosure controls and procedures, or has caused them to be designed under its supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company, is made known to management by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the annual filings are being prepared. Management has also designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused it to be designed under management's supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of the financial statements for the period ended November 30, 2007 in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. There has been no change in the Company's disclosure controls and procedures or in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the most recently completed quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures or internal control over financial reporting.

The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures in place as at November 30, 2007. Based on this evaluation, it was determined that certain weaknesses existed in its disclosure controls. In addition, the Company has not fully completed its review and evaluation of the design of internal control over financial reporting as envisioned under 52-109. The Company expects to complete its assessment in Fiscal 2008. As is indicative of many small companies, the lack of segregation of duties and effective risk assessment were identified as areas where weaknesses existed. The existence of these weaknesses is to be compensated for by senior management monitoring. The Company is taking steps to augment and improve the design of procedure and controls impacting these areas of weakness over internal control over financial reporting.

Approval

The Board of Directors of BCGold, on the recommendation of its Audit Committee, has approved the disclosure contained in this interim MD&A. A copy of this interim MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it.

Additional Information

Additional Information relating to BCGold Corp, is on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or by contacting:

BCGold Corp
Suite 1400 - 625 Howe Street
Vancouver, BC CANADA
V6C 2T6
Tel: (604) 646-1589
Fax: (604) 642-2411
www.bcgoldcorp.com
Email: fsmith@bcgoldcorp.com
Attention: Freeman Smith, VP of Corporate Communications

/s/ "Brian Fowler"
Brian Fowler
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ "Peter Kendrick"
Peter Kendrick
Chief Financial Officer